Lesson Plan (Adjectives of country names) LI, Man Yee Karena; LEE, Fung King, Jackie The Hong Kong Institute of Education

Topic: Design a Travel Brochure

Level of students: Senior Primary

Duration: 105 mins (3 lessons)

Prior knowledge:

Students already know the names of some popular countries, such as the US, Britain, China, Japan, Germany, France, Spain, Mexico and Brazil.

Learning objective(s)

At the end of this unit, students should be able to:

- 1. Tell the adjectives of country names by adding the appropriate suffix.
- 2. Use the adjectives of country names to write a travel brochure about their favourite countries.

Lesson 1

Time	Procedures	Interaction	Purpose	Resources
		mode		
5	1. T asks Ss if there are places they would	T ←→ S	To understand the	Powerpoint
mins	like to go, why they want to go to that		context	
	place, what they know about the place,			
	what they want to know before they go, and		To activate Ss' learnt	
	where they can find the information.		vocabulary on the topic	
	2. T tells Ss they can refer to travel			
	brochures if they want to know more about		To prepare Ss for the	

	the place.		task to be completed	
	3. T tells students they are going to design a			
	brochure about their favourite place, so that			
	they can share with the class their favorite			
	place.			
5	1. In order to pick their favourite country,	T→S	To arouse Ss' interest	Video
mins	they have to know more about different			https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GtVJdrIydt0&feature=youtu.be
	countries around the world. To start with, T		Comprehensible input	
	asks Ss to watch a video about what people		for the target	
	eat around the world.		vocabulary	
10	1. T asks Ss questions about the video, such	T←→S	To notice the	Worksheet 1
mins	as what American people eat. T asks Ss how		relationship between	
	we call people around the world. T		country names and	
	distributes the worksheet, and asks Ss to		their adjectives	
	pay attention to the adjectives of the			
	country names and fill in the worksheet as T			
	plays the video for the second time.			
	2. T asks Ss to put the adjectives into		To let Ss discover the	
	groups according to the suffixes.		different suffixes used	
	3. T checks the answers with Ss.			
5	1. T highlights the different suffixes used to	T→S	Notice the target	Powerpoint
mins	form the adjectives of different country		language	
	names.			
8	Memory game for learners of different	s←→s	Consolidation of the	Materials for card games
mins	abilities (group work of 4)		target language	
	1. T distributes to each group a set of 24			

	cards made up of matched pairs of country			
	names and (1) their corresponding			
	adjectives (for lower ability students), (2)			
	their corresponding suffixes (for			
	intermediate students), or (3) sentences with			
	a missing adjective (for higher ability			
	students).			
	2. Ss shuffle the cards and put them on the			
	table, face down.			
	3. Ss take turns to turn over two cards at a			
	time.			
	4. For intermediate learners: If the two			
	cards match and form a country adjective			
	(e.g. Britain & -ish), the student has to read			
	aloud the adjective (e.g. British), and can			
	get the two cards. If not, he/she has to place			
	the two cards in the original positions, face			
	down. It is then the next player's turn.			
	4. S getting the most cards wins. The group			
	with all the cards taken within the shortest			
	time wins.			
2	1. T asks Ss to select a country they want to	T→S	Prepare Ss for the next	
mins	introduce in their brochure and do research		lesson and remind Ss of	
	on it.		the task.	
	2. T asks Ss to collect travel brochures from			
	travel agents or surf on the internet.			

Lesson 2 (double-lesson)

Time	Procedures	Interaction	Purpose	Resources
		mode		
10 mins	Information gap activity (Pair work)	T←→S	To activate their prior knowledge and	Sample
	1. T distributes sample brochures to Ss. Some words are missing		familiarize Ss with the context.	brochures
	on the brochures.			
	2. Student A and Student B take turns to read aloud their sample	s←→s		
	brochures to each other and fill in the blanks.			
	3. T checks the answer with Ss.			
5 mins	1. T exams the brochures collected from Ss or by himself/herself	T←→S	Pre-writing activity: To familiarize Ss with	brochures
	with Ss.		the format of brochures	collected,
	2. T asks Ss: Are there maps? Photos? How is the text presented?			Powerpoint
	In paragraphs? In bulleted lists?			
10 mins	T asks Ss what they want to know before they travel to their	$T \leftarrow \rightarrow S$	Pre-writing activity: To brainstorm the ideas	Mind map
	favorite places. Ss think aloud and brainstorm ideas. T gives		for the writing task.	sheet
	examples, 'I like eating. I want to know about the food.'			
10 mins	1. T shows a brochure with errors and discusses with Ss how they	$T \leftarrow \rightarrow S$	Pre-writing activity: To familiarize Ss with	Powerpoint
	can improve it.		the features of brochures and the assessment	
	2. T shows a sample brochure and discusses with Ss the features		criteria of their brochure design.	
	of a good brochure.			
25 mins	T asks Ss to design their brochure, and T walks around to see if	T ←→ S	While-writing	Blank paper
	Ss need help.			
10 mins	1. T asks Ss to share their writing with their group mates.	s←→s	Post-writing activity – to assess Ss' learning	Visualizer
	2. Each group chooses the best brochure and the author presents			
	it in front of the class.			

References:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ry1E1uzPSU0 What Does the World Eat for Breakfast? by BuzzFeedYellow https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9ORiKlpasOw 37 McDonald's Foods You Probably Haven't Tried by BuzzFeedYellow https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Po0O9tRXCyA School Lunches around the World